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20. ADDENDA TO THE AMPHIBIAN FAUNA OF INDIA

Recently Inger and Datta published [*J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc.*, 83 (Supplement) Centenary issue (1886-1986)] "An overview of the amphibian fauna of India". We have noted that 13 valid species of Indian amphibians (Anura) have not been incorporated in the list. In order to make the list up to date, the names of the species including type localities and their known occurrence in the Indian States are given below.

Taxonomic list	Type locality	Records in Indian States
ANURA		
PELOBATIDAE		
1 <i>Megophrys kempii</i> (Annandale, 1912)	Upper Rotung Arunachal Pradesh	Arunachal Pradesh (Annandale, 1912)
BUFONIDAE:		
2 <i>Bufo sulphureus</i> Grandison & Daniel, 1964	Satara district, Maharashtra	Maharashtra (Grandison & Daniel, 1964)
RANIDAE:		
3 <i>Nyctibatrachus pygmaeus</i> (Gunther, 1875)	Anamalai Hills	Tamil Nadu (Gunther, 1875)
4 <i>Nannobatrachus annamallaiensis</i> Myers, 1942	Anamalai Hills	Tamil Nadu (Myers, 1942)
5 <i>Micrixalus herrei</i> Myers, 1942	Kallar	Kerala, (Myers, 1942)
6 <i>Rana bhagamandlensis</i> Rao, 1922	Coorg	Karnataka (Rao, 1922)
7 <i>Rana erythraea</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	Java	Assam (Boulenger, 1920), Orissa (Mohanti-Hejmadi, 1974), Meghalaya, Mizoram (Chanda, 1986)
8 <i>Rana kuhlii</i> Tschudi, 1838	Java	Assam (Boulenger, 1920)
9 <i>Rana nigrovittata</i> (Blyth, 1855)	Burma	Assam (Boulenger, 1920)
10 <i>Rana sinchalensis</i> Chanda, 1986	Darjeeling	West Bengal (Chanda, 1986)
RHACOPHORIDAE:		
11 <i>Philautus argus</i> (Annandale, 1912)	Arunachal Pradesh	Arunachal Pradesh (Annandale, 1912)
12 <i>Philautus longicrus</i> Rao, 1937	Kempholey	Karnataka (Rao, 1937)
13 <i>Philautus montanus</i> Rao, 1937	Kempholey	Karnataka (Rao, 1937)

Remarks on Nos. 12, 13

It may be noted that Rao [1937, *Proc. Indian Acad. Sci.*, B (6)], described *longicrus* (p. 414) and *montanus* (p. 415) from Karnataka but both these specific names are pre-occupied by *P. longicrus* (Boulenger, 1894) and *P. montanus* (Taylor, 1920). However, as the type material of Rao (op. cit.) deposited in the Central College, Bangalore are

reported to have been lost and as the type localities of Boulenger's (op. cit.) and Taylor's (op. cit.) are in Philippines, it is difficult to ascertain whether the Indian specimens belong to the same species as those from Philippines. It is also impossible provide a new name for Rao's (op. cit.) species at this stage till topotypes could be collected and compared with the Philippine material.

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21. A NOTE ON THE MORPHOMETRY OF *RHACOPHORUS MALABARICUS*. THE MALABAR GLIDING FROG

On June, 1987, I had an opportunity to go to Goa for collecting frogs, especially the Malabar gliding frog. With the help of the forest department, I reached the moist deci-

duous forest near Volpoi town, at about 6.30 p.m. The monsoon season had already started and there was a good rain. I knew the habitat of the frogs and there was no difficulty in